EAST COWES URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL,

ANNUAL REPORT of the MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH,

1907.

ANNUAL REPORT of the MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH for the

URBAN DISTRICT of EAST COWES,

for the Twelve Months ending December 31st 1907.

HOUSE ACCOMMODATION:

During the past year there have been many new houses built and there are still several new streets being rapidly formed.

The increase in the number of inhabited houses is 29. This increase, however, does not account for the many new houses which have been built and are occupied by tenants migrating from older tenements, which in some cases are now vacant or pulled down.

There are still many clusters of old houses which are very near the time when they should be condemned as unfit for human habitation. In some of these, notably the cottages called Stetts, the fire risk is most grave. Should such a catastrophe occur at night, nothing could prevent a loss of life.

The old fashioned hand-flushed hopper pans in the W.C's exist still in many cottages, and when the occupants (as often happens) are careless, the pans are filthy in the extreme.

In company with the Surveyor, I have visited several premises:

The Shed occupied by Mr. Arnold in Castle Street and used as a blacksmith's shop was found in a very dirty condition; four men who had been allowed to sleep there on filthy verminiferous mattresses had to be cleared out.

On April 23rd the Pig-styes at Mr. Richardson's Poultry Farm were inspected and found to be too near to Dwelling houses (60 ft.)

without drainage, utterly unsanitary, and unsuitable in construction. The matter was rectified.

October 7th, by a request of the Occupiers I inspected the premises Nos. 5, 7, 9 and 11, Park Street, and found the drainage in the back yards very defective. No adequate fall is possible for the sewer, as the road (Park Street) runs parallel to the river and is level. At high tides the yards and W.C's are flooded from the sewers. The matter is difficult to deal with and is under the consideration of this Council. There is a prospect of a new road being constructed which may make it possible to rectify the drainage.

On October 29th, in company with the Surveyor, I inspected two cottages called "Stetts" in Church Path. They are old, ill constructed tenements with narrow winding stairs, and in case of fire very dangerous.

Also we inspected two cottages off Castle Street, at the back of the Livery Stables. These have been condemned, but the owner put them in some sort of repair. The floors are rotten, the W.C's ill-placed, hand flushed, and one being in a dark corner of a lean-to shed - the drainage is defective, and at high tides the yards are flooded from the sewers.

SEWAGE AND DRAINAGE:

The Main Sewer empties into the River Medina at the Floating Bridge below low water mark.

The surface water empties into the river from the sea wall near the same place.

The sewage is absolutely untreated.

In view of a possible new road running from the corner of Park Street in York Avenue to the Floating Bridge, it is possible that certain portions of the town may be better drained.

A case of Scarlet Fever having been reported at the Cemetery Lodge, on inspection I found that the W.C. was an inadequate earth closet, the soil being buried in the allotment ground.

Upon my report, it being impossible to connect with the sewers, a septic tank emptying into the river has been constructed.

HOUSE REFUSE:

House Refuse is collected under a contract with Mr.Knighton and removed out of the District to his farm.

The horrible heap of refuse has been removed to the same place from the Recreation Ground in Victoria Grove.

The matter of a Destructor is still under consideration, and it is to be hoped will soon become an accomplished fact. The present system of carting all manner of stinking house refuse about the streets at all hours is to be regretted, and the dangerous material, although it leaves this District, is only carted elsewhere.

I have again urged that when we do decide upon a Destructor, that a disinfector for clothes, bedding, etc. should be added; the cost would not be overwhelming, and the furnace of the former would provide for the super-heated steam.

WATER SUPPLY:

The quality and quantity are good and sufficient.

The Water Tower and Pumping Apparatus are in good working order.

LODGING HOUSES:

There are no regular lodging houses, but many of the occupiers of cottages take in lodgers (permanently).

There have been no complaints of overcrowding this year.

The number of occupied houses is 977 and the population about 4,000, which works out at about 4 occupants per house.

SLAUGHTER HOUSES:

There are no new Slaughter-houses. The old ones have all been personally visited by the Surveyor and myself.

The premises of Mr. Lampard were over-stocked with Poultry, etc., and there was a most objectionable custom of burying offal, etc., in a large kitchen garden.

Mr. Slade also was requested to discontinue burying offal beneath manure.

It is to be regretted that the law allows slaughter-houses in densely populated places.

The Continental system of having State-supervised Public Abattoirs with a suitable area of grass land is the only sanitary and humane system.

The difficulty of disposing of offal accentuates the need for a Destructor.

BAKE HOUSES:

There are no underground bakehouses.

The Surveyor reports the old ones in a satisfactory condition.

— COW-SHEDS & DAIRIES & MILKSHOPS:

There are no fresh ones and the old ones are satisfactory.

FACTORIES AND WORKSHOPS:

There have been no complaints.

The old works of The Liquid Fuel Company are reoccupied, by Messrs. Saunders.

NUISANCES:

The nuisance from the Cab stand in High-street has been rectified, blue bricks having been laid in the roadway.

The heap of decomposing House Refuse formerly in the Recreation Ground has been carted away elsewhere.

INFECTIOUS DISEASES:

Early in the year there was a widespread epidemic of Chicken Pox. At least 32 cases came under my notice.

At the end of May there was a grave outbreak of Measles.

I advised the Educational Committee to close the schools, there being at least 70 cases. The Schools were closed from June 12th to July 15th. During the greater part of this time the various Sunday Schools were also closed.

In September there was a case of Puerperal Septicaemia. It was due to a retained unsuspected Placenta Succenturiata and was unavoidable, not being due to dirt or neglect. The patient recovered.

There have been two cases of Erysipelas.

There have been three cases of Scarlet Fever.

There have been 28 cases of Diphtheria.

On November 4th I visited the National Schools, and there

being several children absent through Diphtheria, and the disease being very prevalent in the neighbouring town of Cowes, I advised the Educational Department to close the schools.

I found the schools badly in need of repainting, white-washing and cleansing; and the managers at once put the matter in hand and had them put into good order.

The schools remained closed by my request until December 2, the various Sunday School authorities co-operating.

It is to be much regretted that the Council do not adopt the extended list of infectious diseases for compulsory notification.

The mortality from Measles is as serious as from Scarlet Fever.

At the present moment I have no means of knowing where Measles, Whooping Cough, Chicken Pox and the optional diseases are occurring.

The notifications of Diphtheria come in tardily, partly owing to the difficulty in diagnosis. Some medical men notify practically all suspicious sore throats as Diphtheria, whilst others only notify well pronounced cases.

There is some excuse for householders strongly objecting to notification, as practically nothing is done to isolate the disease. We have no Infectious Hospital, nor any Disinfector for infected clothes and bedding. The occupied rooms are treated with Formalin, but in small cottages, where by far the greatest number of infectious diseases occur, isolation is an impossibility, the mothers having to nurse the children and attend to household duties at the same time. The half dry rag supposed to be soaked in disinfectant which is occasionally hung over the door or the room is of very small practical use.

Owing to the inability of disinfecting clothes and bedding one is constantly finding a recrudescence of the given disease in the same cottage.

Now there is some prospect of an Isolation Hospital for the Island, it is earnestly to be hoped that the various towns will co-operate with each other in this matter.

Whilst regretting the closure of the schools for such long periods, I feel convinced that it was the only wise course, and I am sure it helped materially to check the spread of the late epidemic of Diphtheria.

We have been singularly lucky in having no deaths from that disease, although some cases have been severe; but it should be remembered that the mortality rate for the country is 40 per cent.

Before leaving this subject, I should like again to accentuate our need for an Isolation Hospital accommodation, and to point out that a large central hospital is the only efficient way of meeting that need. Numbers of small hospitals - one to each little town - are ineffective, inasmuch as they can only accommodate one disease at a time, and they may be all blocked with one disease.

Owing to the general prevalence of Diphtheria, Measles and Chicken Pox in the surrounding districts, it is impossible for me to give an opinion as to their source.

I do not think the milk or water-supply have had anything to do with it. The Diphtheria cases have not been supplied by any given Dairy.

The cases of Infectious Diseases notified in the past three years are as follows:--

1905 19

1906 10

1907 34. Unnotified Measles and Chicken Pox at 120.

Deaths registered for the three years:--

1905 47

1906 40

1907 49.

Infantile Mortality:--

1905 4

1906 5

1907 6.

Medical Officer of Health.

TABLE I.

Vital Statistics of Whole District during 1907 and previous Years.

Name of District EAST COWES URBAN DISTRICT.

Year.	Population estimated to Middle of each Year.	Births.		Total Deaths Registered in the District.				Total Deaths in Public Institutions in the District.	Deaths of Non-residents registered in Public Institutions in the District.	Deaths of Residents registered in Public Institutions beyond the District.	Nett Deaths at all Ages belonging to the District.	
				Under 1 Year of Age.		At all Ages.						
		Number.	Rate.*	Number.	Rate per 1,000 Births registered.	Number.	Rate.*				Number.	Rate.*
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
1897.	3300	94	28.48	16	170.21	44	13.35					
1898.	3350	95	28.32	6	63.15	27	8.05					
1899.	3350	81	24.18	9	111.10	52	13.81					
1900.	3250	87	26.76	6	68.96	42	12.91					
1901.	3196	80	25.15	5	62.50	30	9.43					
1902.	3500	78	24.	6	76.90	44	13.53					
1903.	3500	92	26.28	8	86.95	41	11.71	5				
1904.	3600	75	20.83	5	66.60	55	15.27	10	8		47	13.5
1905.	3700	114	30.80	4	35.0	47	12.70	9	2		47	13.5
1906.	3800	112	29.7	5	44.64	40	10.52	7	2		38	10.
Averages for years 1897-1906.	3454.6	90.8	26.5	7	78.6	42.2	12.48	7.75	4		44	9.3
1907.	4000	125	31.25	6	48	49	12.5	8	3		45	11.25

* Rates in Columns 4, 8, and 13 calculated per 1,000 of estimated population.

Note.—The deaths to be included in Column 7 of this Table are the whole of those registered during the year as having actually occurred within the district or division. The deaths to be included in Column 12 are the number in Column 7, corrected by the subtraction of the number in Column 10 and the addition of the number in Column 11.

By the term "Non-residents" is meant persons brought into the district on account of sickness or infirmity, and dying in public institutions there; and by the term "Residents" is meant persons who have been taken out of the district on account of sickness or infirmity, and have died in public institutions elsewhere.

The "Public institutions" to be taken into account for the purposes of these Tables are those into which persons are habitually received on account of sickness or infirmity, such as hospitals, workhouses and lunatic asylums. A list of the Institutions in respect of the deaths in which corrections have been made should be given on the back of this Table.

Area of District in acres (exclusive of area covered by water) 520

At Census of 1901.

Total population at all ages 4000

Number of inhabited houses 977

Average number of persons per house 4

M. 190.

[SEE OVER.

W B & L (302w)—25781—9200-10-7

I. Institutions within the District receiving sick and infirm persons from outside the District.	II. Institutions outside the District receiving sick and infirm persons from the District.	III. Other Iustitutions, the deaths in which have been distributed among the several localities in the District.
Cottage Hospital.	The Union Workhouse.	
Alms Houses.	I. of W. County Hospi-	
R.N.Hospital (Park House)	tal, Ryde.	
	County Lunatic Asylum,	
	Whitecroft.	

Is the Union Workhouse within the District? No.

TABLE II.

Vital Statistics of separate Localities in 1907 and previous years.

Name of District EAST COWES URBAN DISTRICT.

Names of Localities.	1. EAST COWES.				2.				3.				4.				5.				6.				7.			
Year.	Population estimated to middle of each year.	Births registered.	Deaths at all Ages.	Deaths under 1 year.	Population estimated to middle of each year.	Births registered.	Deaths at all Ages.	Deaths under 1 year.	Population estimated to middle of each year.	Births registered.	Deaths at all Ages.	Deaths under 1 year.	Population estimated to middle of each year.	Births registered.	Deaths at all Ages.	Deaths under 1 year.	Population estimated to middle of each year.	Births registered.	Deaths at all Ages.	Deaths under 1 year.	Population estimated to middle of each year.	Births registered.	Deaths at all Ages.	Deaths under 1 year.	Population estimated to middle of each year.	Births registered.	Deaths at all Ages.	Deaths under 1 year.
	a.	*b.*	*c.*	*d.*	*a.*	*b.*	*c.*	*d.*	*a.*	*b.*	*c.*	*d.*	*a.*	*b.*	*c.*	*d.*	*a.*	*b.*	*c.*	*d.*	*a.*	*b.*	*c.*	*d.*	*a.*	*b.*	*c.*	*d.*
1897 ...	3300	94	44	16																								
1898 ...	3350	95	27	6																								
1899 ...	3350	81	52	9																								
1900 ...	3250	87	42	6																								
1901 ...	3196	80	30	5																								
1902 ...	3250	78	44	6																								
1903 ...	3500	92	41	8																								
1904 ...	3600	75	55	5																								
1905 ...	3700	114	47	4																								
1906 ...	3800	112	40	5																								
Averages of Years 1897 to 1906.	3900	118.5	44.5	5.5																								
1907 ..	4000	125	49	6																								

Notes.—(*a*) The separate localities adopted for this table should be areas of which the populations are obtainable from the census returns, such as wards, parishes or groups of parishes, or registration sub-districts. Block 1 may, if desired, be used for the whole district: and blocks 2, 3, &c., for the several localities. In small districts without recognised divisions of known population this Table need not be filled up.

(*b*) Deaths of residents occurring in public institutions beyond the district are to be included in sub-columns *c* of this table, and those of non-residents registered in public institutions in the district excluded. (See note on Table I. as to meaning of terms "resident" and "non-resident.")

(*c*) Deaths of residents occurring in public institutions, whether within or without the district, are to be allotted to the respective localities according to the addresses of the deceased.

(*d*) Care should be taken that the gross totals of the several columns in this Table respectively equal the corresponding totals for the whole districts in Tables I. and IV.: thus, the totals of sub-columns *a*, *b*, and *c* should agree with the figures for the year in the columns 2, 3, and 12, respectively, of Table I.: the gross total of the sub-columns *c* should agree with the total of column 2 in Table IV., and the gross total of sub-columns *d* with the total of column 3 in Table IV.

M 191.

W B & & (274ps)—25782—9200-10-7

TABLE III.

Cases of Infectious Disease notified during the Year 1907.

Name of District EAST COWES URBAN DISTRICT.

NOTIFIABLE DISEASE.	CASES NOTIFIED IN WHOLE DISTRICT.							TOTAL CASES NOTIFIED IN EACH LOCALITY.							⁂ NO. OF CASES REMOVED TO HOSPITAL FROM EACH LOCALITY.							
	At all Ages.	At Ages† — Years.						1	2	3	4	5	6	7	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
		Under 1.	1 to 5.	5 to 15.	15 to 25.	25 to 65.	65 and upwards.															Total cases removed to Hospital.
Small-pox																						
Cholera																						
Diphtheria (including Membranous croup) ...	28		6	12	3	7																
Erysipelas	2		1		1																	
Scarlet fever	3		1	2																		
Typhus fever																						
Enteric fever																						
Relapsing fever																						
Continued fever																						
Puerperal fever	1				1																	
Plague																						
* Measles	80	Notified Unofficially.																				
Chicken Pox...	32	Notified by School Teachers.																				
Totals	34 112 146	All children.	8	14	5	7																

NOTES.—The localities adopted for this table should be the same as those in Tables II. and IV.
State in space below the name of the isolation hospital, if any, to which residents in the district, suffering from infectious disease, are usually sent. Mark (H) the locality in which it is situated, or if not within the district, state where it is situated, and in what district. The name of the authority by whom the hospital is provided should also be given. Mark (W) the locality in which a workhouse is situated.

* This space may be used for record of other disease the notification (compulsory or voluntary) of which is in force in the district.

† These age columns for notifications should be filled up in all cases where the Medical Officer of Health, by inquiry or otherwise, has obtained the necessary information.

⁂ Column 8 should be filled up with the Totals of cases removed to Hospital, whether the District is divided into separate localities or consists of only one undivided area.

Isolation Hospital None.

W B & L (307Ps)—25783—9200-10-7

Causes of, and Ages at, Death during Year 1907.

Name of District EAST COWES URBAN DISTRICT.

(See Notes at Back.)

Causes of Death.	Deaths at the subjoined ages of "Residents" whether occurring in or beyond the District.							Deaths at all ages of "Residents" belonging to Localities, whether occurring in or beyond the District.							Total Deaths whether of "Residents" or "Non-Residents" in Public Institutions in the District.
	All ages.	Under 1 year.	1 and under 5.	5 and under 15.	15 and under 25	25 and under 65	65 and upwards.								
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Small-pox															
Measles															
Scarlet fever															
Whooping-cough ...															
Diphtheria (including Membranous croup)	1		1												
Croup															
Fever (Typhus ...)															
Fever (Enteric ...)															
Fever (Other continued)															
Epidemic influenza ...	1					1									
Cholera															
Plague															
Diarrhœa. (*See* notes at back.)															
Enteritis. (*See* notes at back.)															
Puerperal fever. (*See* notes at back.)															
Erysipelas															
Other septic diseases...	1			1											1
Phthisis, (Pulmonary Tuberculosis.)	2				1		1								
Other tubercular diseases.	3				1	2									
Cancer, malignant disease. (*See* notes at back.)	4					2	2								1
Bronchitis	1		1												
Pneumonia	5					1	4								1
Pleurisy															
Other diseases of Respiratory organs.															
Alcoholism) Cirrhosis of liver)	1					1									
Venereal diseases ...															
Premature birth ...	3	3													
Diseases and accidents of parturition															
Heart diseases ...	7					3	4								1
Accidents	5					3	2								2
Suicides															
Dentition Convulsions	3	2	1												
Kidney Disease	4					2	2								
Senile Decay	3						3								
Appendicitis	1					1									1
Meningitis	1	1													
Gastric Ulcer, (Haemorrhage)	1					1									
Pancreatitis	1						1								1
Epilepsy	1				1										
All other causes ...															
All causes ...	49	6	3	1	3	17	19								8

W B & L (302w)—25784—9200-10-7

NOTES TO TABLES IV. AND V.

(*a*) In Table IV., all deaths of "Residents" occurring in public institutions, whether within or without the district, are to be *included* with the other deaths in the columns for the several age groups (columns 2-8). They are also, in columns 9-15, to be *included* among the deaths in their respective "Localities" according to the previous addresses of the deceased as given by the Registrars. Deaths of "Non-residents" occurring in public institutions in the district are in like manner to be *excluded* from columns 2-8 and 9-15 of Table IV.

(*b*) *See* notes on Table I. as to the meaning of "Residents" and "Non-residents," and as to the "Public Institutions" to be taken into account for the purposes of these Tables. The "Localities" in Table IV. should be the same as those in Tables II. and III.

(*c*) All deaths occurring in public institutions situated within the district, whether of "Residents" or of "Non-residents," are, in addition to being dealt with as in note (*a*), to be entered in the last column of Table IV. The total number in this column should equal the figures for the year in column 9, Table I.

(*d*) The total deaths in the several "Localities" in columns 9-15 of Table IV. should equal those for the year in the same localities in Table II., sub-columns c. The total deaths at all ages in column 2 of Table IV. should equal the gross total of columns 9-15, and the figures for the year in column 12 of Table I.

*(*e*) Under the heading of "Diarrhœa" are to be included deaths registered as due to Epidemic diarrhœa, Epidemic enteritis, Infective enteritis, Zymotic enteritis, Summer diarrhœa, Dysentery and Dysenteric diarrhœa, Choleraic diarrhœa, Cholera and Cholera Nostras.

In addition, and as regards deaths of children *under one year of age*, under the heading "Diarrhœa" in column 3 (Table IV.) are to be included all deaths classified as "Diarrhœal diseases" in Table V.

Under the heading of "Enteritis" in Table IV., are to be included only deaths *over one year of age* registered as due to Enteritis, Muco-enteritis, Gastro-enteritis, Gastric catarrh, Gastritis, and Gastro-intestinal catarrh, unless from information obtained by enquiry from the certifying practitioner or otherwise, the Medical Officer of Health should have reason for including such deaths, under the specific term "Diarrhœa." Deaths from diarrhœa secondary to some other well-defined disease should be included under the latter.

(*f*) Under the headings of "Cancer" and "Puerperal fever" should be included all registered deaths from causes comprised within these general terms. Thus: Under "Cancer" should be included deaths from Cancer, Carcinoma, Malignant disease, Scirrhus, Epithelioma, Sarcoma, Villous tumour, and Papilloma of bladder, Rodent ulcer. Under "Puerperal Fever" are to be included deaths from Pyæmia, Septicæmia, Sapræmia, Pelvic peritonitis, Peri- and Endo-Metritis occurring in the Puerperium.

(*g*) Under "Congenital Defects" in Table V. are to be included deaths from Atelectasis, Icterus neonatorum, Navel hæmorrhage, Malformations and Congenital hydrocephalus.

(*h*) Under "Tuberculous Meningitis" are to be included deaths from Acute hydrocephalus.

(*i*) Under "Other Tuberculous Diseases" are to be included deaths from Tuberculosis, Tuberculosis of bones, joints and other organs, Lupus and Scrofula.

(*j*) All deaths certified by registered Medical Practitioners and all Inquest cases are to be classed as "Certified"; all other deaths are to be regarded as "Uncertified."

In recording the facts under the various headings of Tables I., II., III., IV. and V., attention has been given to the notes on the Tables.

J. A. Sherburn *Medical Officer of Health.*

Date Jan. 10th. 1908.

* As regards infantile diarrhœa and Table V., it will suffice if Medical Officers of Health, who have already tabulated deaths of 1906 in accordance with the schedule of the Incorporated Society of Medical Officers of Health, enter all deaths under one year that they regard as due to diarrhœa under the single heading "Diarrhœa, all forms."

This having been done, it will be necessary that the entry against "Diarrhœa" in column 3 of Table IV. should tally with the sum of deaths under "Diarrhœa, all forms," entered in the final column of Table V.

Table V.

EAST COWES URBAN DISTRICT. { *Borough.* / *District.*

INFANTILE MORTALITY DURING THE YEAR 1907.

Deaths from stated Causes in Weeks and Months under One Year of Age.

(See Notes at back of Table IV.)

CAUSE OF DEATH.	Under 1 Week.	1-2 Weeks.	2-3 Weeks.	3-4 Weeks.	Total under 1 Month.	1-2 Months.	2-3 Months.	3-4 Months.	4-5 Months.	5-6 Months.	6-7 Months.	7-8 Months.	8-9 Months.	9-10 Months.	10-11 Months.	11-12 Months.	Total Deaths under One Year.
All Causes. Certified																	6
All Causes. Uncertified																	
i. Common Infectious Diseases. Small-pox																	
Chicken-pox																	
Measles																	
Scarlet Fever																	
Diphtheria (including Membranous Croup)																	
Whooping Cough ...																	
ii. Diarrhœal Diseases. (*See Notes to Table IV.*) Diarrhœa, all forms ...																	
Enteritis, Muco-enteritis, Gastro-enteritis																	
Gastritis, Gastro-intestinal Catarrh																	
iii. Wasting Diseases. Premature Birth	3																
Congenital Defects ... (*See Notes to Table IV.*)																	
Injury at Birth																	
Want of Breast-milk, Starvation																	
Atrophy, Debility, Marasmus																	
iv. Tuberculous Diseases. Tuberculous Meningitis ... (*See Notes to Table IV.*)																	
Tuberculous Peritonitis: Tabes Mesenterica																	
Other Tuberculous Diseases (*See Notes to Table IV.*)																	
v. Other Causes. Erysipelas																	
Syphilis																	
Rickets																	
Meningitis (*not Tuberculous*)											1						
Convulsions						1						1					
Bronchitis																	
Laryngitis																	
Pneumonia																	
Suffocation, overlying ...																	
Other Causes																	
	3					1					1	1					6

District (or sub-division) of EAST COWES, I. OF W. Population. 3900. Estimated to middle of 1907

Births in the year { legitimate 121 / illegitimate 4 } Deaths in the year of { legitimate infants 6 / illegitimate infants }

Deaths from **all Causes at all Ages** 49.

W B & L (320Gs)—25785—12600-10-7

Form 572.
Nov., 1907.

This Table is enclosed, by request of the Secretary of State, for the guidance and convenience of Medical Officers of Health in preparing that part of their Annual Report which relates to factories, workshops, workplaces and home work. It is not intended to supersede the fuller statement which is desirable in the text of the Report, but to provide for uniformity in the presentation of such particulars as lend themselves to statistical treatment.

Further copies can be supplied on application to the Chief Inspector of Factories, Home Office, London, S.W.

Annual Report of the Medical Officer of Health for the year 190 7.

* *e.g.*, Metropolitan Borough, County Borough, Borough, Urban District, Rural District.

*for the** URBAN DISTRICT *of* EAST COWES.

on the administration of the Factory and Workshop Act, 1901, in connection with

FACTORIES, WORKSHOPS, LAUNDRIES, WORKPLACES AND HOMEWORK.

1.—INSPECTION.

INCLUDING INSPECTIONS MADE BY SANITARY INSPECTORS OR INSPECTORS OF NUISANCES.

Premises. (1)	Number of		
	Inspections. (2)	Written Notices. (3)	Prosecutions. (4)
Factories ... ... (Including Factory Laundries.)	Inspected and found in good order.		
Workshops ... ... (Including Workshop Laundries.)			
Workplaces ... ... (Other than Outworkers' premises included in Part 3 of this Report.)			
Total			

2.—DEFECTS FOUND.

Particulars. (1)	Number of Defects.			Number of Prosecutions. (5)
	Found. (2)	Remedied. (3)	Referred to H.M. Inspector. (4)	
Nuisances under the Public Health Acts:—*				
Want of cleanliness...				
Want of ventilation				
Overcrowding				
Want of drainage of floors				
Other nuisances			Nil.	Nil.
† Sanitary accommodation — insufficient				
† Sanitary accommodation — unsuitable or defective				
† Sanitary accommodation — not separate for sexes				
Offences under the Factory and Workshop Act:—				
Illegal occupation of underground bakehouse (s. 101)...				
Breach of special sanitary requirements for bakehouses (ss. 97 to 100).				
Other offences ... ... (Excluding offences relating to outwork which are included in Part 3 of this Report.)				
Total...				

* Including those specified in sections 2, 3, 7 and 8, of the Factory and Workshop Act as remediable under the Public Health Acts.

† For districts not in London, state here whether section 22 of the Public Health Acts Amendment Act, 1890, has been adopted by the District Council; and if so what standard of sufficiency and suitability of sanitary accommodation for persons employed in factories and workshops has been enforced.

106272—W. & S. Ltd.—G 52—12000—11-07.

NATURE OF WORK.* (1)	OUTWORKERS' LISTS, SECTION 107.							
	Lists received from Employers.						Addresses of Outworkers.	
	Twice in the year.			Once in the year.				
	Lists. † (2)	Outworkers. † Contractors. (3)	Outworkers. † Workmen. (4)	Lists. (5)	Outworkers. † Contractors. (6)	Outworkers. † Workmen. (7)	Received from other Councils. (8)	Forwarded to other Councils. (9)
Wearing apparel—								
(1) making, &c.								
(2) cleaning and washing								
Lace, lace curtains and nets ...								
Artificial flowers								
Nets, other than wire nets ...								
Tents								
Sacks								
Furniture and upholstery ...								
Fur pulling								
Feather sorting								
Umbrellas, &c.								
Carding, &c., of buttons, &c. ...	Nil.							
Paper bags and boxes								
Basket making								
Brush making								
Racquet and tennis balls ...								
Stuffed toys								
File making								
Electro-plate								
Cables and chains								
Anchors and grapnels								
Cart gear								
Locks, latches and keys ...								
Pea picking								
TOTAL								

* If an occupier gives out work of more than one of the classes specified in column 1, and subdivides his list in such a way as to s class *only*, but the outworkers should be assigned in columns 3 and 4 (or 6 and 7) into their respective classes. A footnote should be add

† The figures required in columns 2, 3 and 4 are the *total* number of lists (received from employers who sent them both in February of such employers and (approximately) double of the number of individual outworkers whose names are given, since in the February and

4.—REGISTERED WORKSHOPS.

Workshops on the Register (s. 131) at the end of the year. (1)		Number. (2)
Important classes of workshops, such as workshop bakehouses may be enumerated here.	Ship Yard. — J. S. White & Co.	
	,, — Hansens.	
	Boat Builder. — Harley Mead.	
	Builders. — Brading & Son.	
	Gas Works. — R. Fish.	
	Laundry. — Mr. Lewis.	
	Bake houses. — R. L. Roberton.	
	,, — Vine.	
	,, — Smithers.	
	Steam Launch & Boats. — Mr. Saunders (old Liquid Fuel Works).	
	Total number of workshops on Register	

Da

NOTE.—The Factory and Workshop Act, 1901 (s. 132), requires the Medical Officer of Health in his Annual Report to the District C much of it as deals with this subject, to the Secretary of State (Home Office). If the Annual Report is presented otherwise than in print or homework. The duties of Local Authorities and the Medical Officer of Health under the Act of 1901 are detailed in the Home Office M and Medical Officers of Health in October, 1906.

WORK.

Prosecutions.		Inspections of Outworkers' premises.	OUTWORK IN UNWHOLESOME PREMISES, SECTION 108.			OUTWORK IN INFECTED PREMISES, SECTIONS 109, 110.		
ing to or permit pection lists.	Failing to send lists.		Instances.	Notices served.	Prosecutions.	Instances.	Orders made (S. 110).	Prosecutions (Sections 109, 110).
10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)

r the number of workers in each class of work, the list should be included among those in column 2 (or 5 as the case may be) against the principal o show that this has been done.

August as required by the Act) and of the entries of names of outworkers in those lists. They will, therefore, usually be double of the number ust lists of the same employer the same outworker's name will often be repeated.

5.—OTHER MATTERS.

Class. (1)	Number. (2)
Matters notified to H.M. Inspector of Factories :—	
Failure to affix Abstract of the Factory and Workshop Act (s. 133)	
Action taken in matters referred by H.M. Inspector as remediable under the Public Health Acts, but not under the Factory and Workshop Act (s. 5) — Notified by H.M. Inspector	
Action taken in matters referred by H.M. Inspector as remediable under the Public Health Acts, but not under the Factory and Workshop Act (s. 5) — Reports (of action taken) sent to H.M. Inspector ...	
Other	
Underground Bakehouses (s. 101) :—	
Certificates granted during the year	
In use at the end of the year...	

Jan. 14th 190 8. (*Signature*) H. Wilson.

Medical Officer of Health.

il to report specifically on the administration of that Act in workshops and workplaces, and to send a copy of his Annual Report, or so is unnecessary to include in the copy sent to the Home Office the portions which do not relate to factories, workshops, laundries, workplaces orandum of December, 1904. A further Memorandum, on the Home Work Provisions of the Factory Act, was issued to all District Councils